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University of California, Berkeley, September 19-20, 2019*

Magnetization Switching Using Spin Orbit Torques from Sputtered Conductive WTe_x

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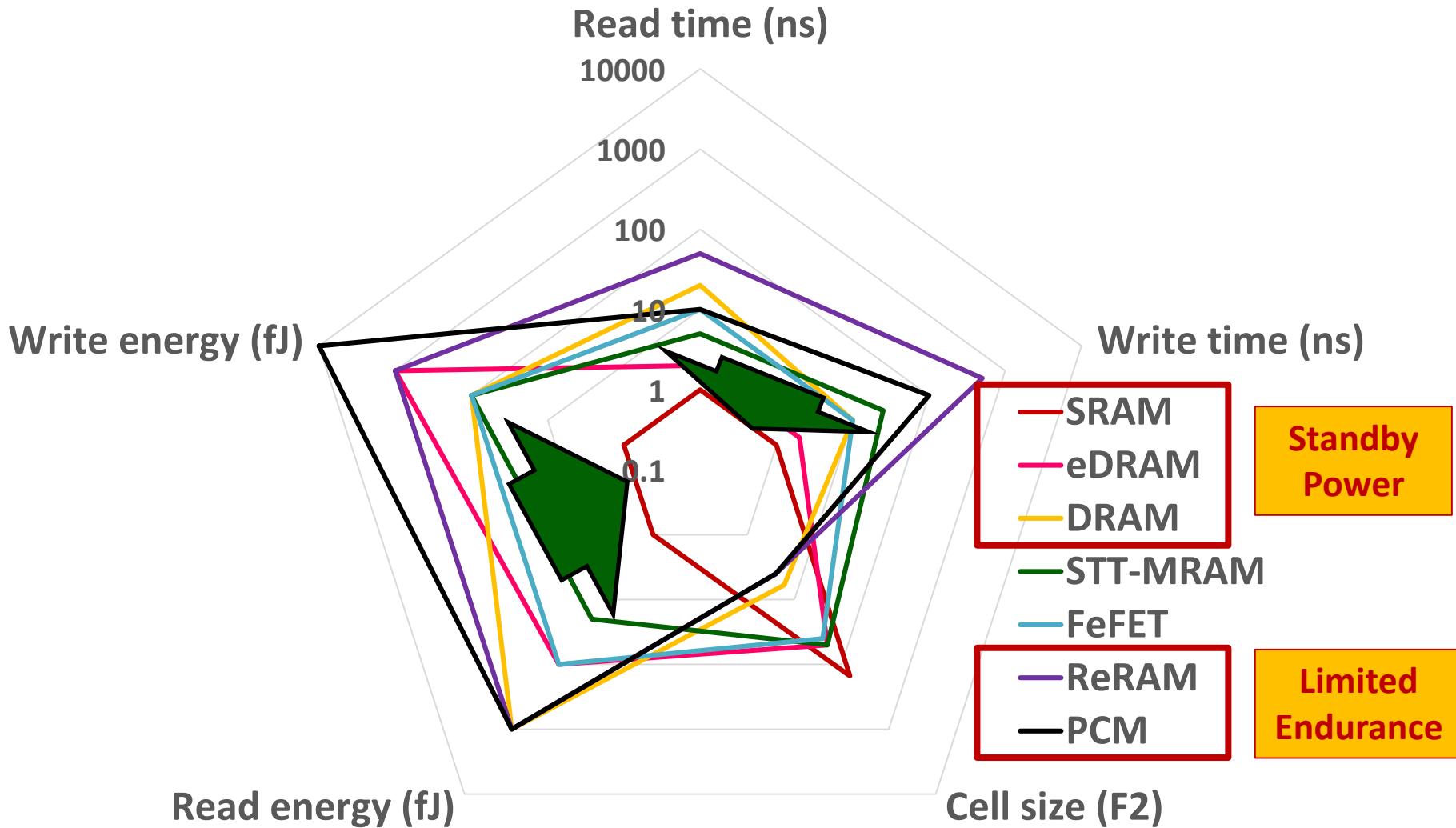
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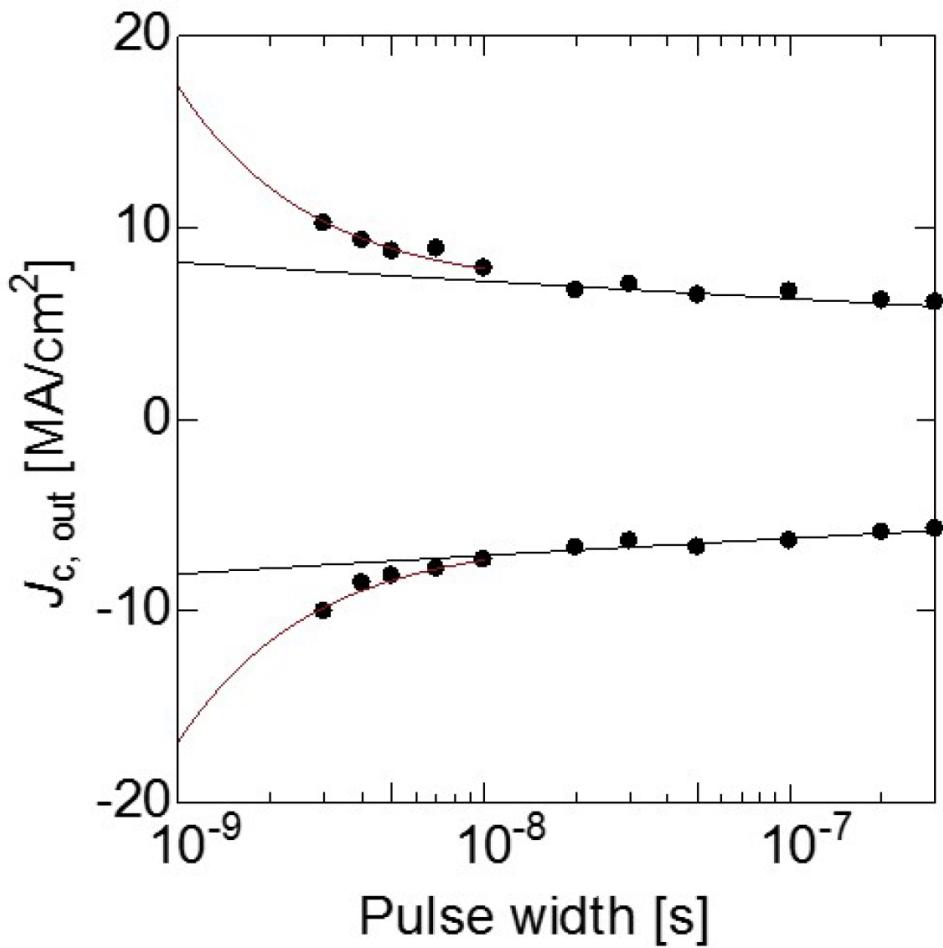
Comparison of Existing and Emerging Memories



Xiang Li, Kang L. Wang, et al., *MRS Bulletin*, vol. 43, pp. 970-977, 2018.
S. Salahuddin, K. Ni, and S. Datta, *Nature Electronics*, vol. 1, pp. 442-450, 2018.



SOT-MRAM Towards SRAM Performance



Bit switching energy estimates:

~250 fJ @ 110 nm

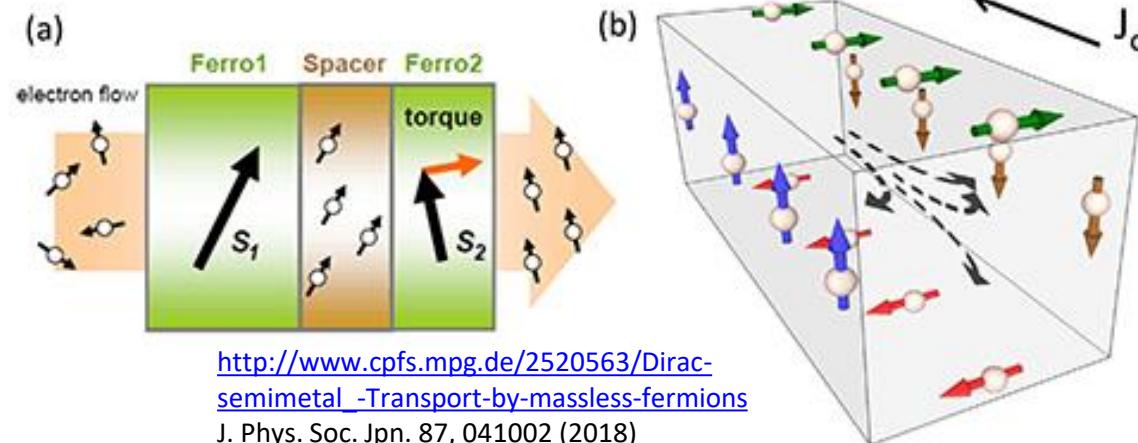
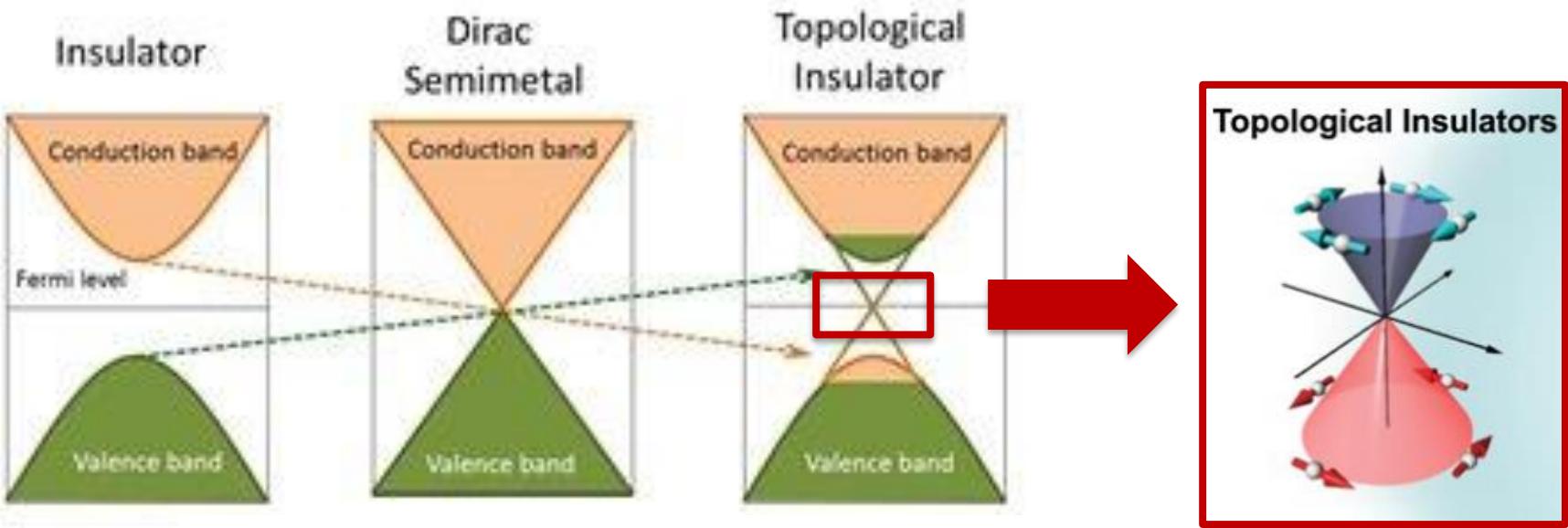
Scaling down possibility:

~10 fJ @ 22 nm

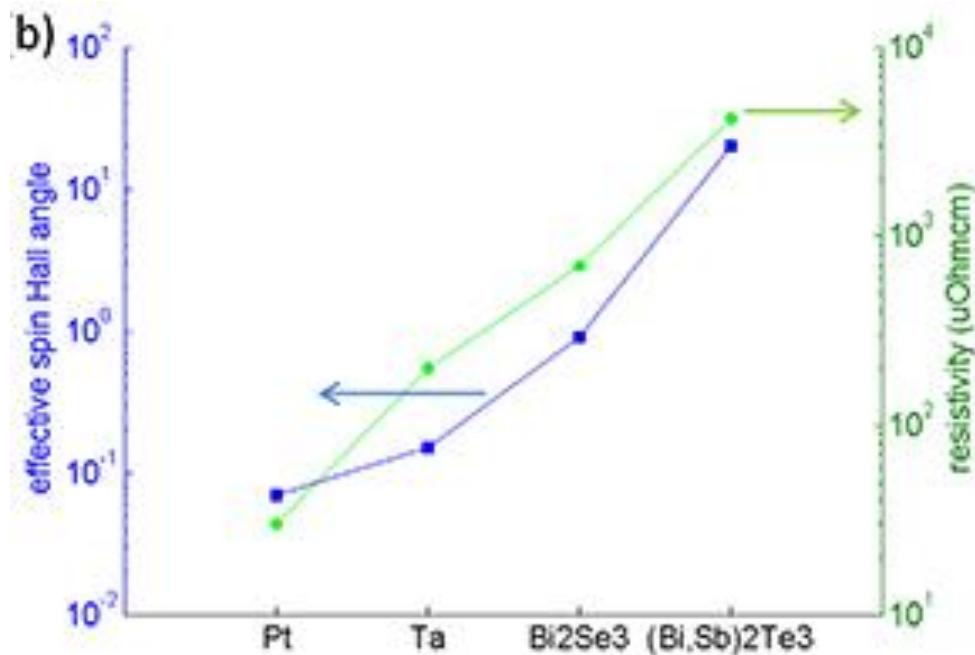
~0.5 fJ @ 5 nm

Sato, Wang, et al., Nature Electronics, 1(9), 508, 2018

Leverage New Physics for More Efficient Write

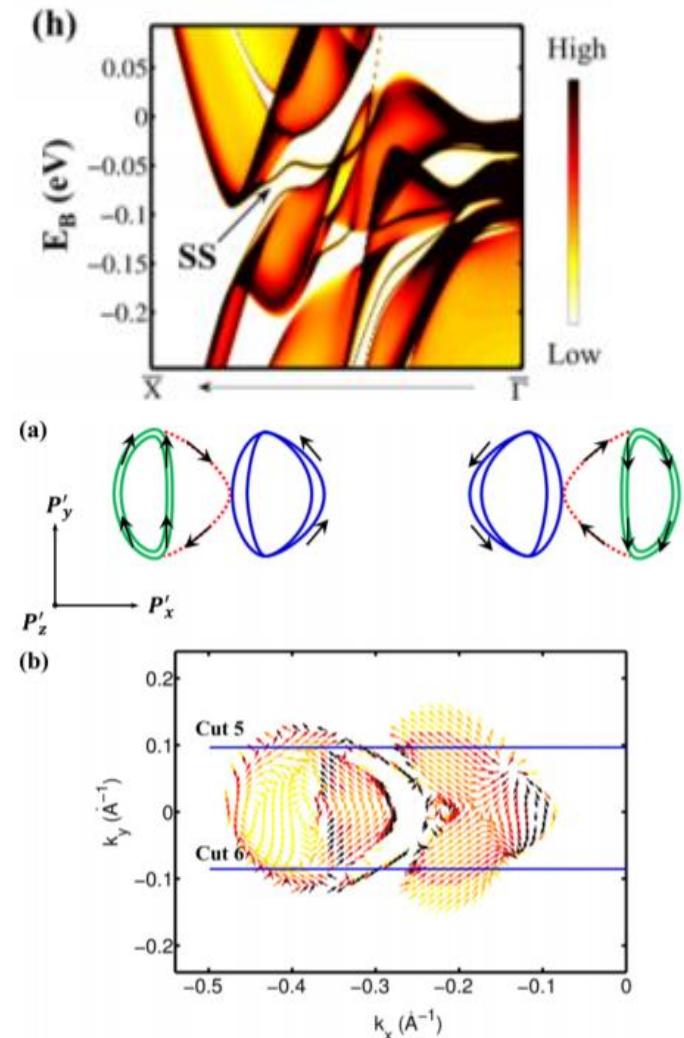


Topological Insulator and Weyl Semimetals



<https://www.eecs.mit.edu/node/6509>

- **High resistivity** of topological insulators lowers overall on/off ratio (over 4000 $\mu\Omega \text{ cm}$ for 5 nm films)
- **Weyl semimetals** are promising candidates, for example WTe₂

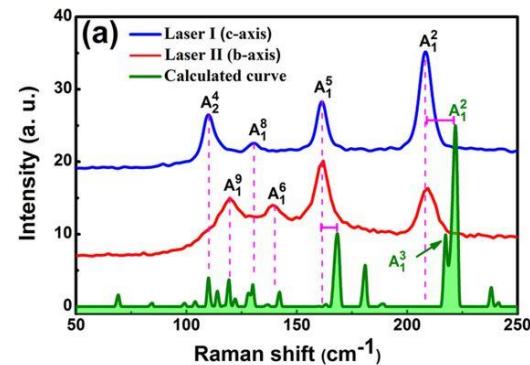
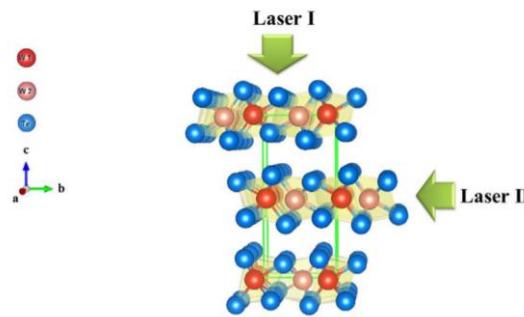
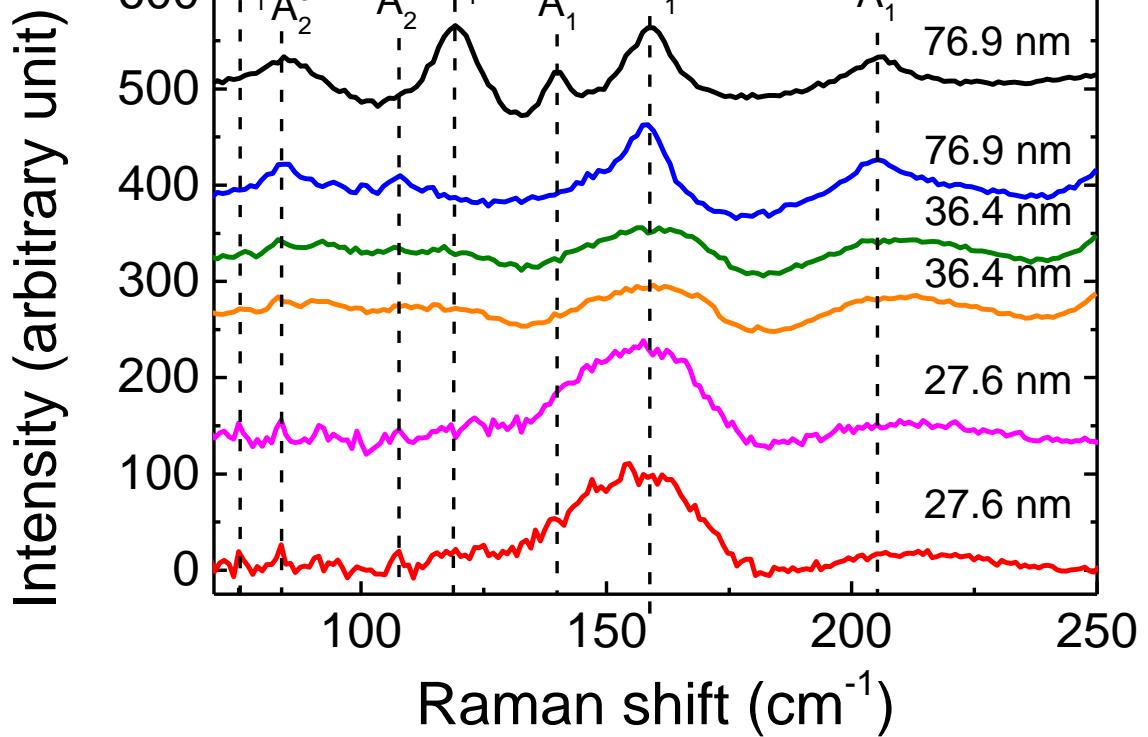


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K. Kuroda, et al., *Physical Review B*, vol. 94, Nov 18 2016.

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Sputtered Weyl Semimetal WTe_x

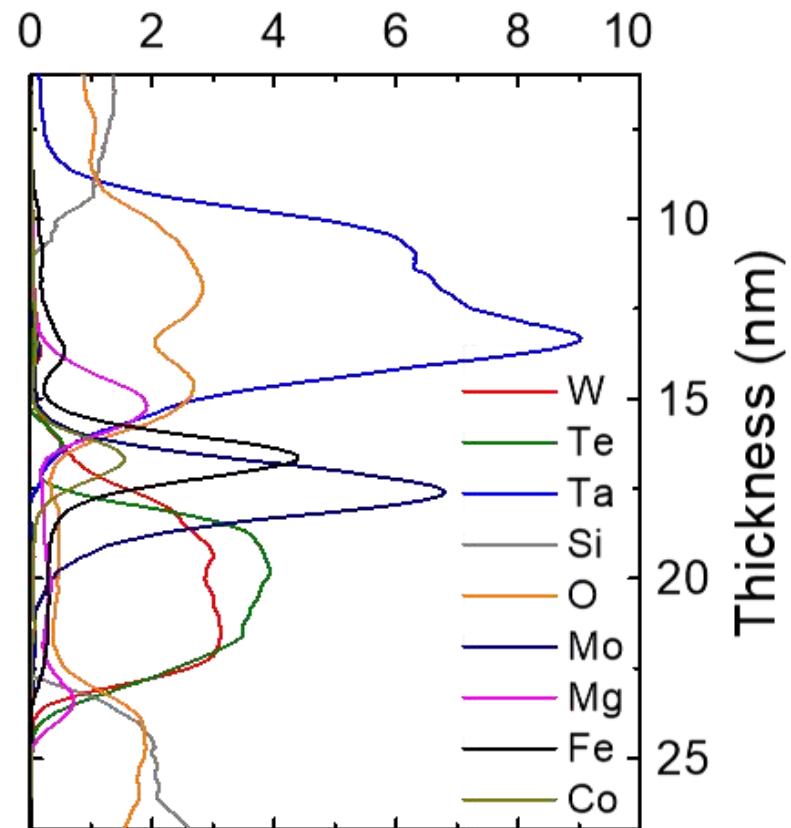
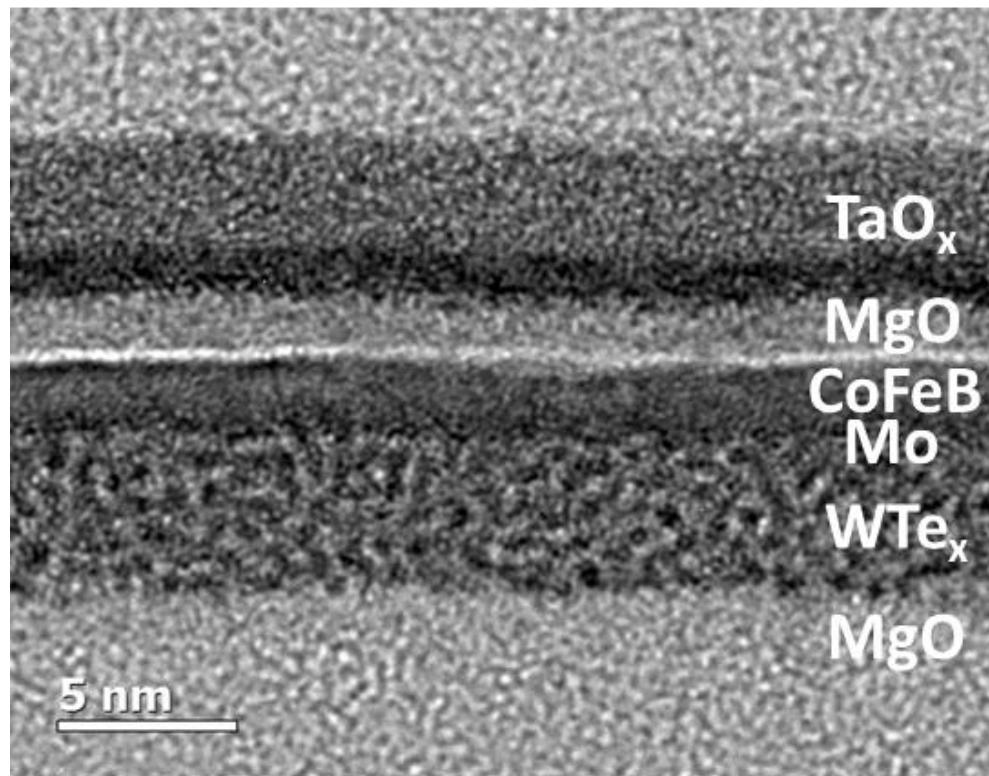


- **Sputter deposition** desired for industry adoption
 - Signature **Raman peaks** of sputtered WTe₂

Y. C. Jiang, J. Gao, and L. Wang, *Scientific Reports*, vol. 6, p. 19624, 01/22/online 2016.

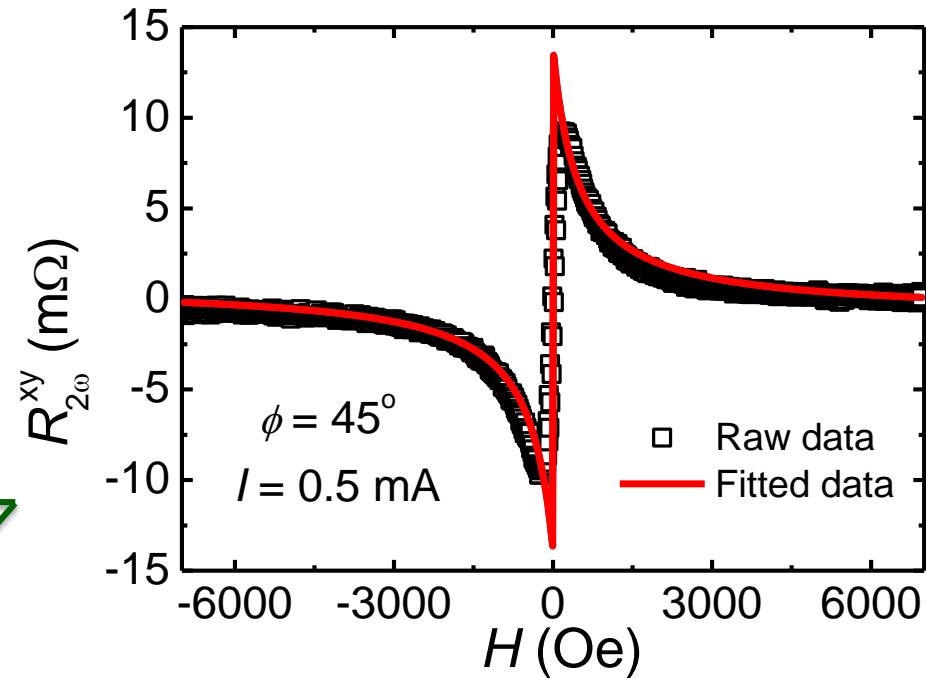
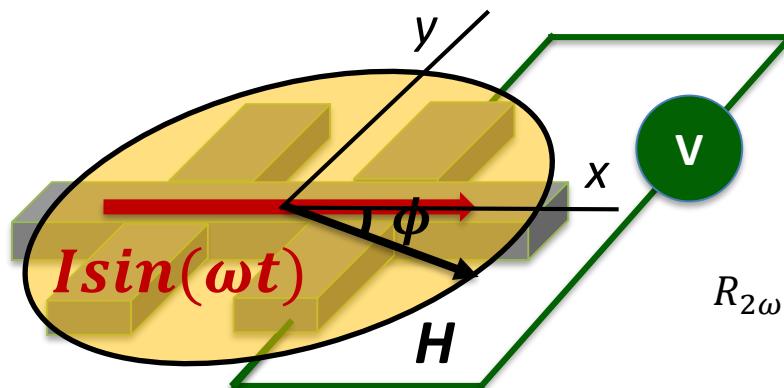
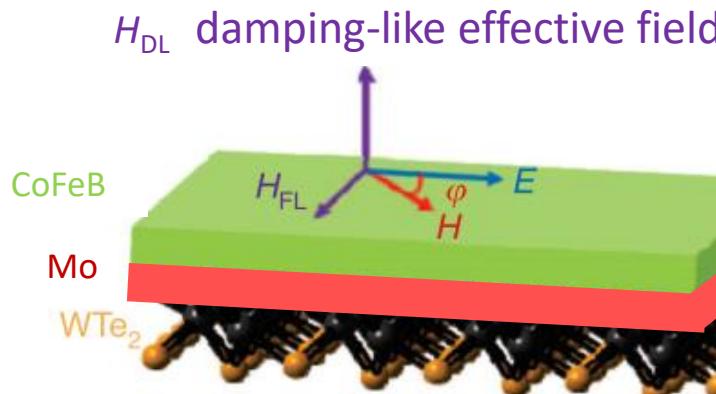
High Resolution TEM Analysis

Counts (a.u.)



- TEM shows **W:Te ratio of 1:1.34** with visible WTe_x grains/clusters

Low Frequency Current Induced Resistance Change



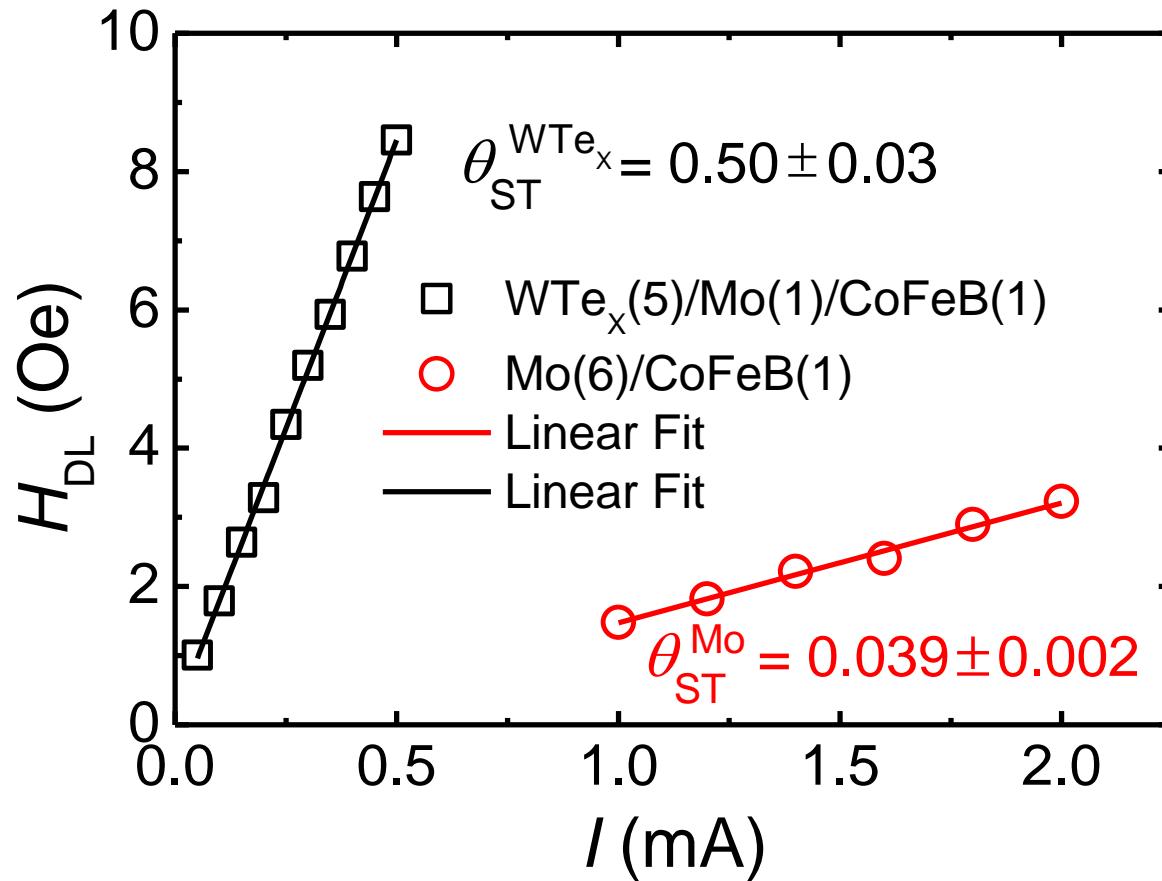
$$R_{2\omega} = R_P \frac{H_{FL}}{|H_{ext}|} \cos 2\phi \cos \phi + \left(\frac{R_A}{2} \frac{H_{DL}}{|H_{ext}| - H_K} + R_{th} \right) \cos \phi$$

Q Shao, Kang Wang et al., 2018 IEDM

- Charge-to-spin conversion efficiency characterized using harmonic current induced magnetization oscillation
- H_{DL} is the damping-like effective field that drives switching

Xiang Li, Shan Wang, et al., in preparation

Charge-to-Spin Conversion Efficiency



- Mo between WTe_2 and CoFeB partially absorb spin-polarized electrons
- Real ξ_{ST} value of WTe_2 should be larger

$$\xi_{ST} = \frac{2eM_{ST}^{CoFeB}}{\hbar} \frac{H_{DL}}{J_{WTe2}}$$

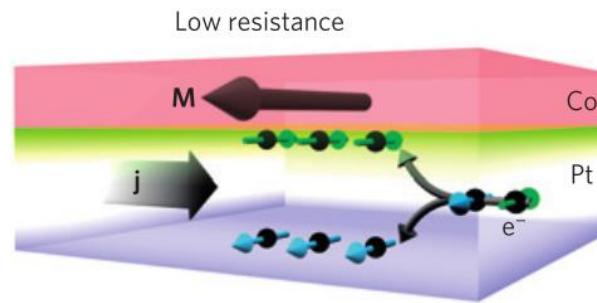
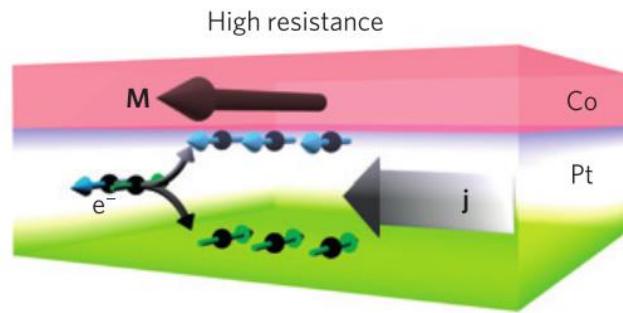
Xiang Li, Shan Wang, et al., in preparation

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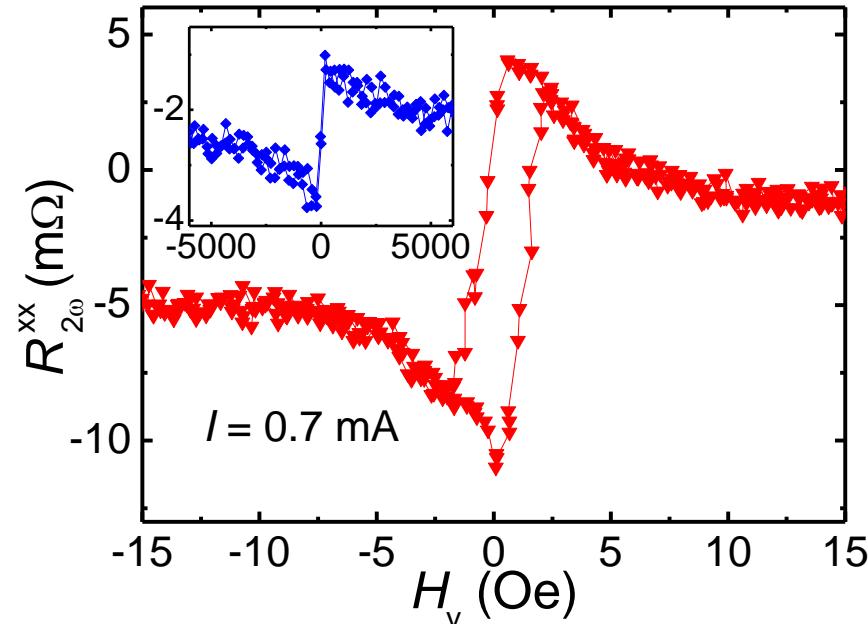
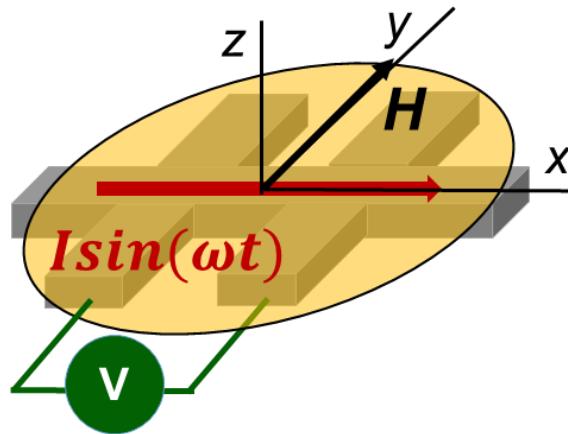
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Unidirectional Spin Hall Magnetoresistance (USMR)



C. O. Avci et al., Nature Physics, vol. 11, p. 570, 2015.



- Spin currents interaction with magnetization affects **interface scattering**, thus changes **longitudinal resistance**

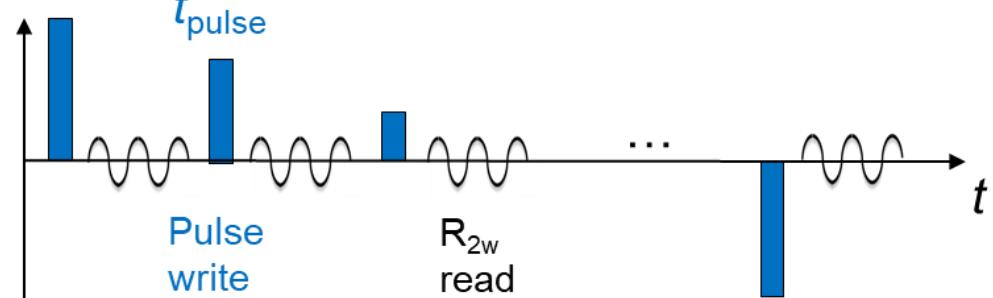
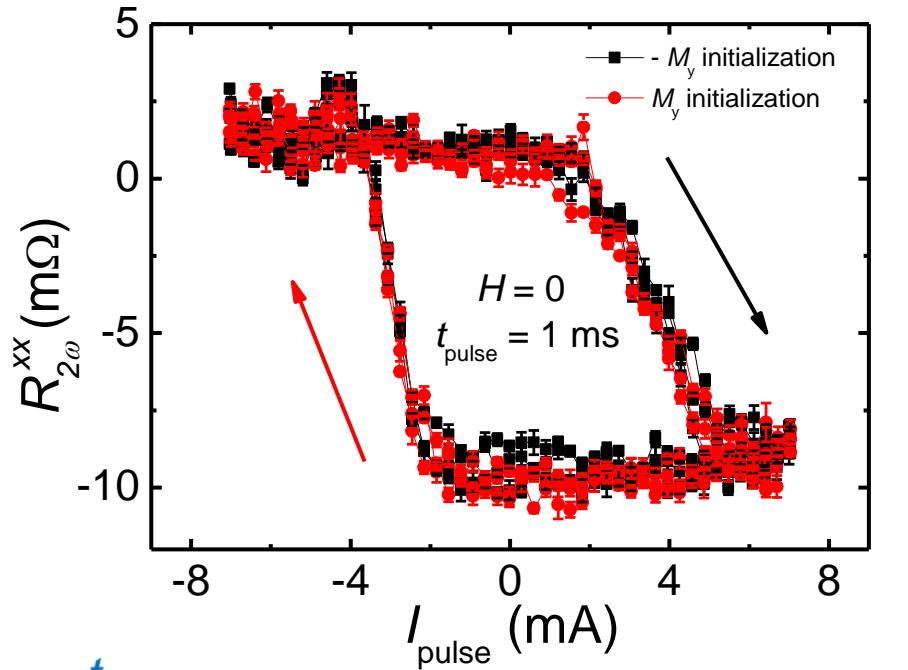
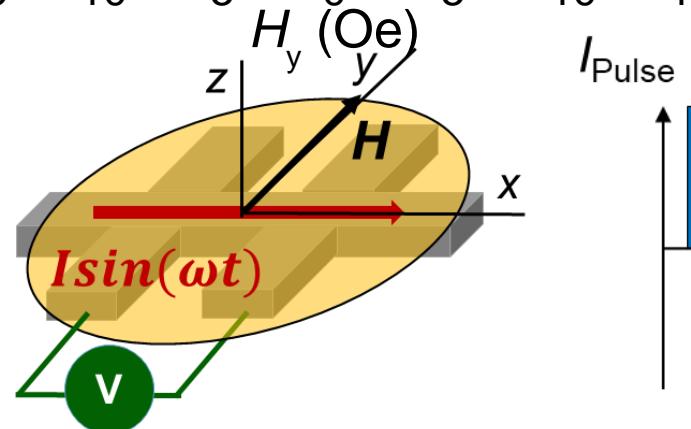
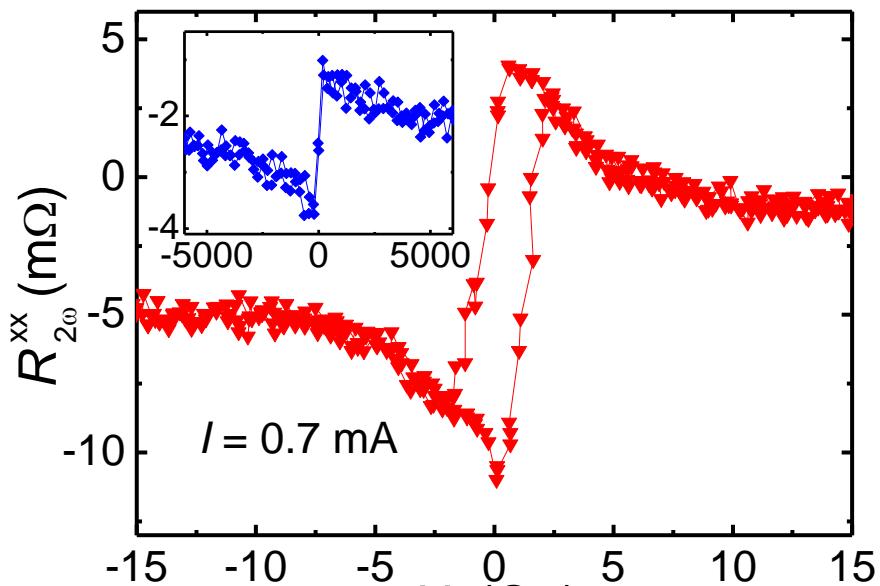
Xiang Li, Shan Wang, et al., in preparation

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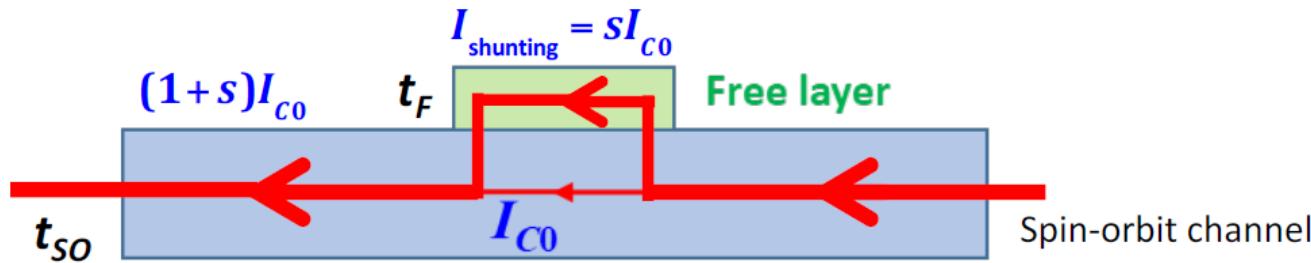
Current-Induced Field-Free Switching



- Switching current density in WTe_x **0.77-1.41 MA/cm²**

Xiang Li, Shan Wang, et al., in preparation

Benchmark: Power Efficiency of SOT-MTJ Cell



Physical Review Applied, vol.
10, Sep 6 2018.

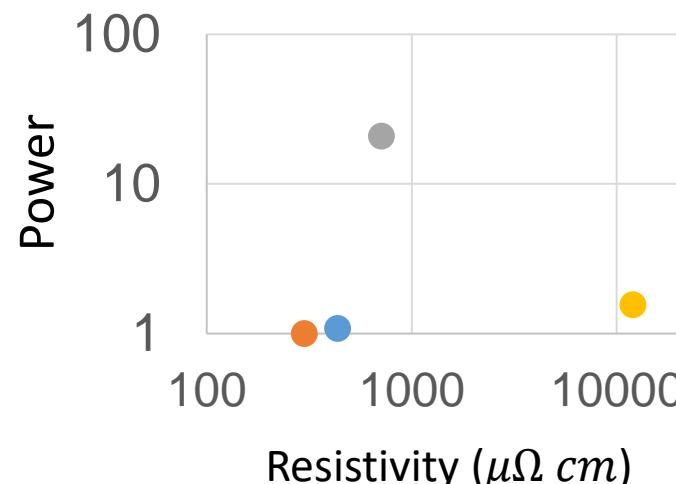
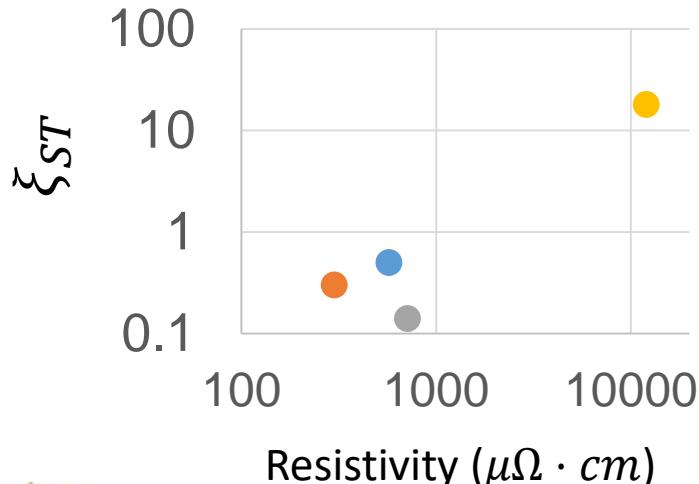
$$I_{tot} \propto \frac{s+1}{\theta_{SH}}$$

$$\text{Power (approx)} \propto \rho_{SO} I_{tot}^2 \propto \frac{\rho_{SO}(s+1)^2}{\theta_{SH}^2}$$

$$s \equiv \frac{I_{shunt}}{I_{C0}} = \frac{\rho_{SO}}{t_{SO}} \frac{t_F}{\rho_F}$$

≈ 0.2 for Pt
 ≈ 1 for W
 ≈ 50 for Bi_2Se_3 with FeCoB

Assumes 6 nm SOT write line under 1 nm in-plane CoFeB.

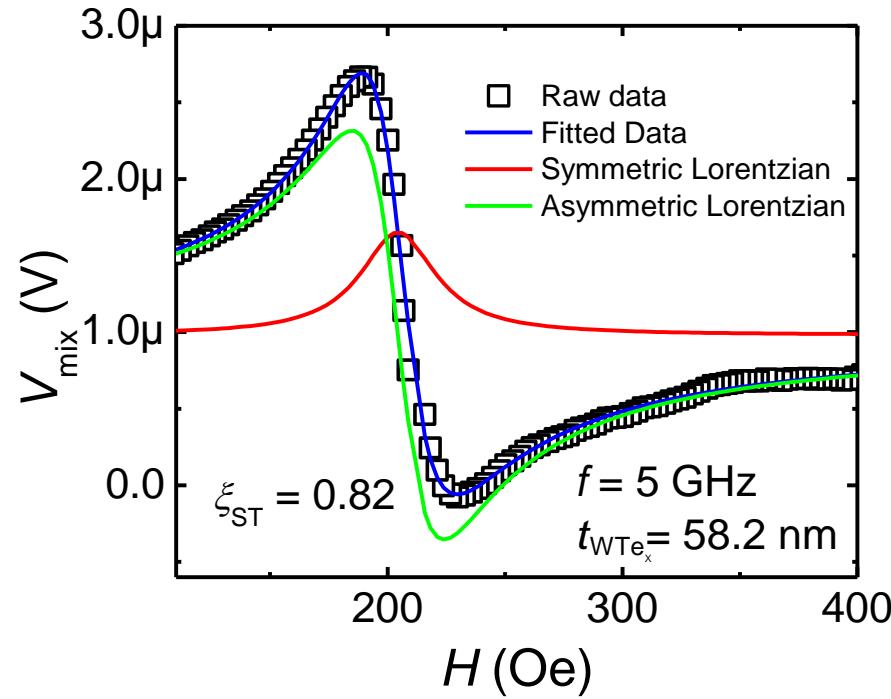
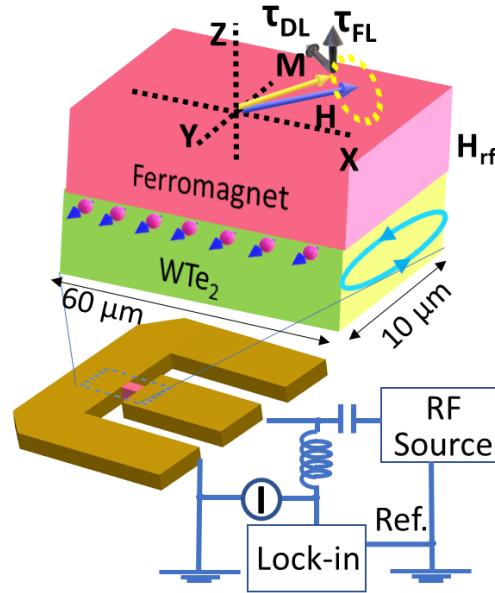


- Sputtered WTe_x
- Sputtered W
- Exfoliated WTe₂*
- Sputtered BiSe_x**

*Yang et al., *Nature Nano*, 2019.

**Wang et al., *Nature Materials*, 2018.

High Frequency Current Induced Magnetic Resonance

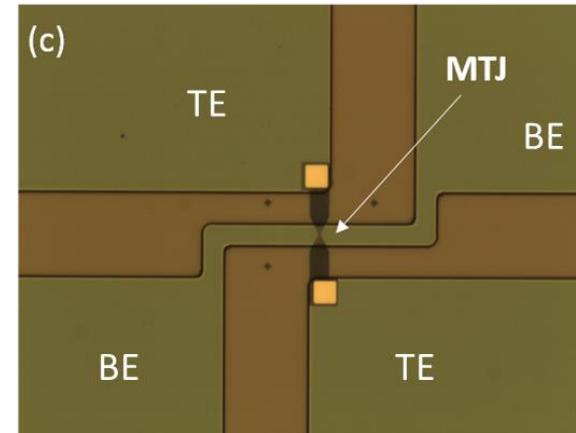
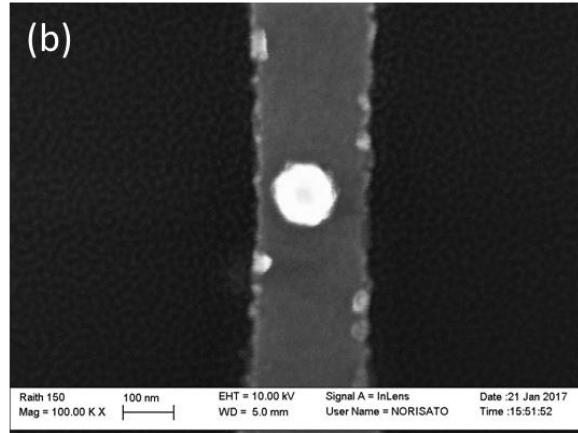
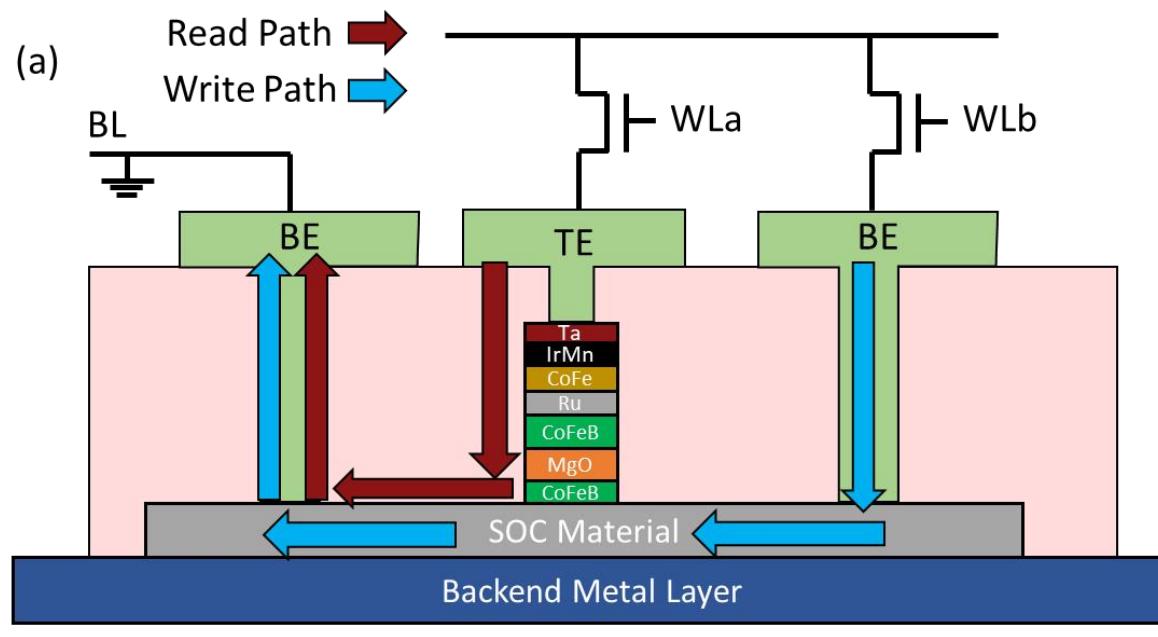


$$V_{\text{mix}} = -\frac{1}{4} \frac{dR}{d\theta} \frac{\gamma I_{\text{rf}} \cos\theta}{\Delta 2\pi(df/dH)|_{H_{\text{ext}}=H_0}} [SF_S(H_{\text{ext}}) + AF_A(H_{\text{ext}})], \quad \theta = \frac{J_{S,\text{rf}}}{J_{C,\text{rf}}} = \frac{S}{A} \frac{e\mu_0 M_S t d}{\hbar} [1 + (4\pi M_{\text{eff}}/H_{\text{ext}})]^{1/2}.$$

Luqiao Liu, et al., PRL 106, 036601 (2011)

- Fitted resonance peak with symmetric and asymmetric Lorentzian line shapes

SOT-MTJ Integration and Test



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Conclusions

- MRAM holds great promise to **replace or complement SRAM** for data-centric applications as **high-density on-chip memory**
- Unique topological band structure gives rise to highly spin polarized electrons in **Weyl semimetal WTe₂**
 - Sputtered 5 nm WTe_x at room temperature shows attractive charge-to-spin conversion efficiency (**0.5**), low switching current density (**1 MA/cm²**), and low thin film resistivity (**570 $\mu\Omega\cdot cm$**)
 - Greatly improved energy/delay performance compared with other topological materials such as BiSe or exfoliated WTe₂
 - Even larger charge-to-spin conversion efficiency up to **0.8**



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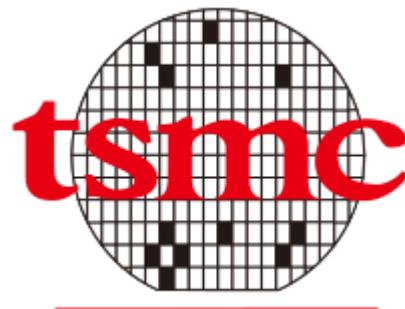
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NMTRI
Non-volatile Memory Technology Research Initiative

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