# Ultralarge thickness Spin Orbit Torque Switching

E3S Retreat Sept. 7<sup>th</sup> 2017

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## Spin orbit torque Switching





#### Spin Orbit Torque in Ferrimagnetic $Gd_x(Fe_{90}Co_{10})_{1-x}$



Gorchon et al, arxiv:1702.08492 Yang et al. arxiv: 1609.06392 Wilson et al. arxiv: 1609.05155 arxiv: 1609.00758 arxiv: 1609.00648



Radu et al., *Nature* 2011.

## Experimental setup



## Thickness dependence of SOT

- GFC is a Bulk PMA material
- Thermal stability can be retained by increasing thickness, unlike interfacial PMA, when the areal footprint is scaled → can be very important for ultra scaled memory technologies
- <u>But can we switch a large</u> <u>thickness GFC?</u>



#### Transport Characteristics



## VSM Measurement of Magnetization



Magnetization does not depend on thickness

## **Current Driven SOT Switching**



 $\boldsymbol{j}_{c}$  scales linearly with thickness

## Thermal Stability $\Delta$



$$H_{\rm c} = H_{\rm k} \left( 1 - \sqrt{\frac{1}{\Delta} \ln \left[ \frac{f_0 H_{\rm k}}{2\Delta} \frac{1}{r} \right]} \right)$$

El-Hilo et al., *J. Magn. Magn. Mater.* 1992.

## Thermal Stability $\Delta$



## Scaling Trends Summary



### Figure of Merit of SOT Switching



Very high switching efficiency in ferrimagnetic GFC (Rochewsky et al, submitted)

#### Summarizing the results so far

In GFC

- SOT depends on m<sub>Total</sub> ---**how**?
- As thick as a 30 nm GFC with strong thermal stability can be switched
- Switching efficiency is much larger compared to known results – why?

#### Thank you for your attention !