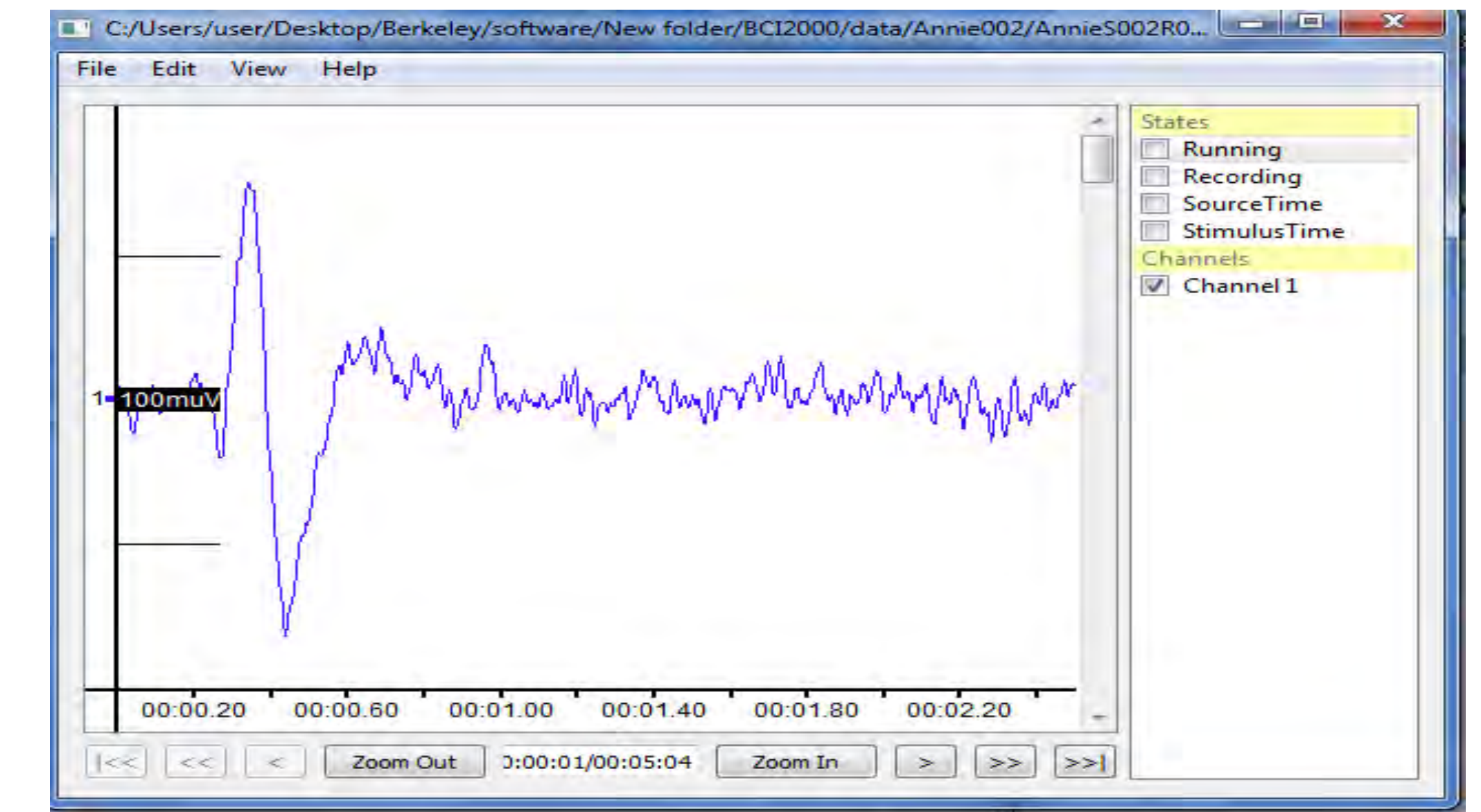
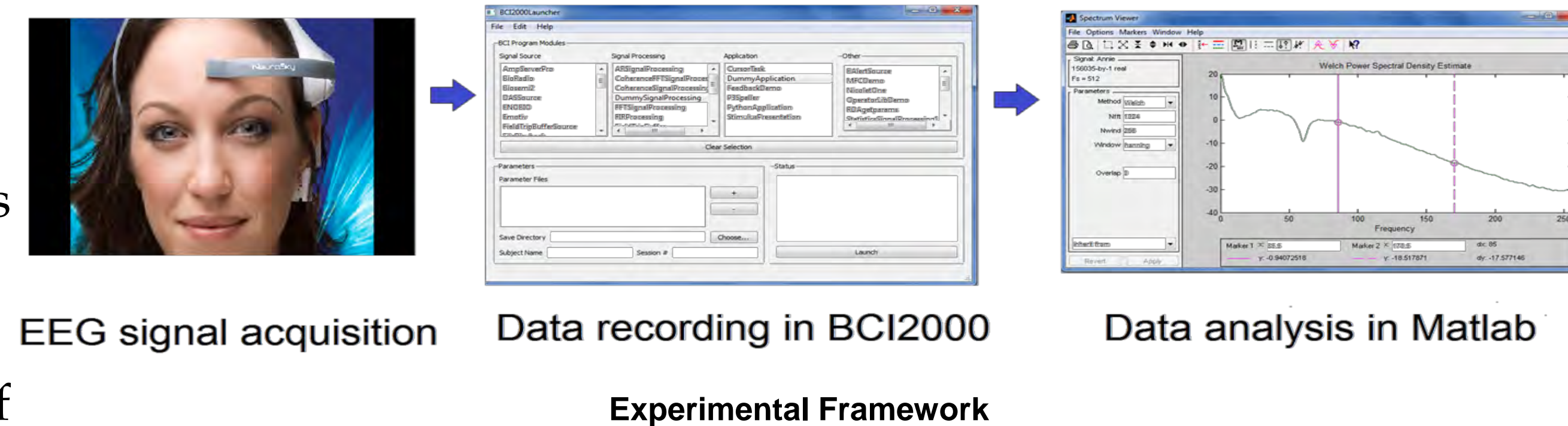


Project Focus: Detection of Fatigue

- Modern encephalographic (EEG) devices are:
 - portable; flexible; inexpensive
- We investigate the potential to employ EEG devices for operators of safety-critical equipment:
 - detect inadequate brain states; increase operator awareness; improve safety; reduce the number of disasters caused by human error, esp. fatigue



Equipment & Methodology

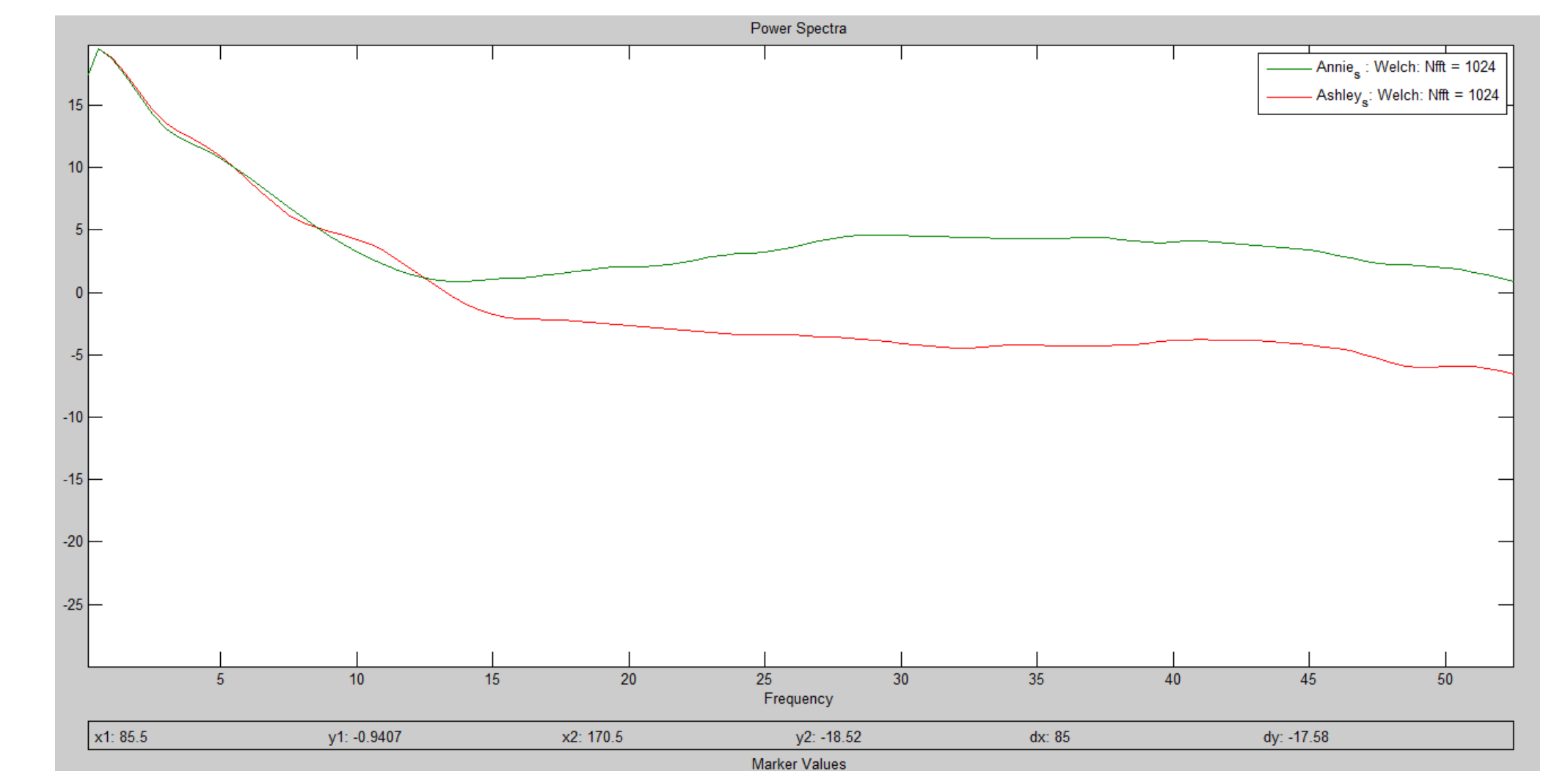
- Comparison of three EEG devices
- Data Collection & Analysis



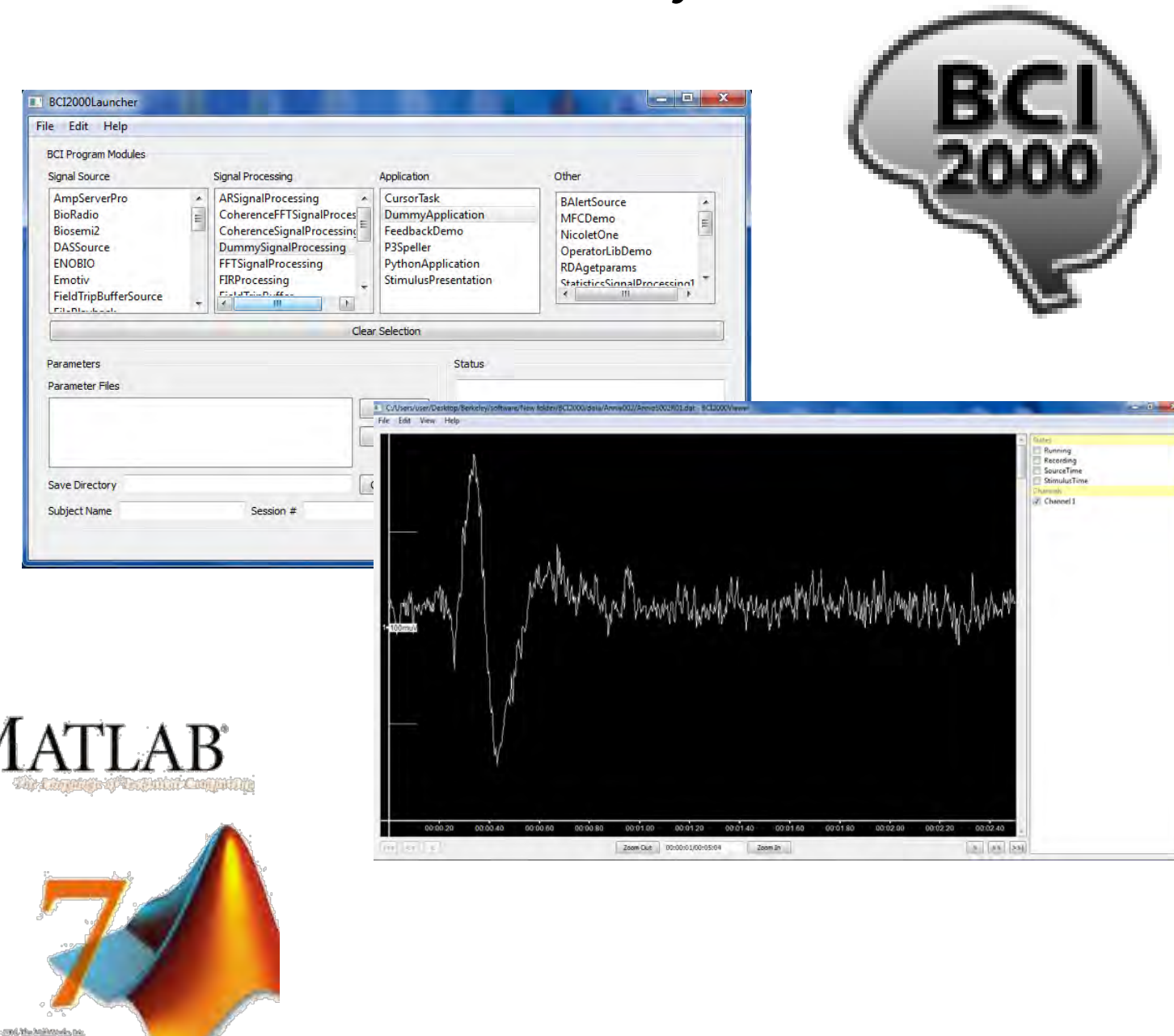
Wearable EEG Devices: (I) MindWave, (II) MindSet, (III) MyndPlay Mindband

	I	II	III
EEG Channels	1	1	1
Connectivity	Wireless RF Adapter	Bluetooth	Bluetooth
Wireless Output	RF	Bluetooth (audio and voice)	Bluetooth
Receiver	USB RF Receiver	Bluetooth	Bluetooth
Reference (ground) type	Ear clip	Earphone pad	Ear Hook
Appearance	Headset	Headset with headphones	Velcro headband
Cost	\$99	\$199	\$150

Comparative Table of Neurosky Devices



Data collection and analysis for (I)



Sample RAW EEG data observed in BCI2000 Launcher software, (b) Matlab Signal Processing Tool Kit used for data analysis

Comparative Analysis of the Devices

- A signal could not be acquired from device (III)
- Device (II) produces significantly “noisy” data
 - Engineering of headset prevented stable ground from being acquired
- Device (I) produces the best (the least noisy) data
 - Ear clip provides secure and dependable reference
 - Easily connects to BCI2000 and Matlab software applications

Devices Conclusions

- Device (I) considerably outperforms devices (II) and (III)
- From our analysis, most important for detection of drowsiness are:
 - Alpha and beta waves with frequencies 10 -- 25 Hz
- Further research agenda: Perform extensive experimentation aiming to:
 - Determine the indicators of subject’s state: ex. eyes open vs. closed
 - Identify minimal time interval(s) for reliable detection of fatigue